

# Continuous Aerated Windrow Composting



**TRANSFORM**  
Compost Systems

**John Paul, Ph.D.**

USCC Conference 2011



## Continuous Aerated Windrow Composting

- 26 ft wide by 10 ft high windrows
- Forced aeration



## Continuous Aerated Windrow Composting

- Turned 2-3 times per week
- Raw material in one end, compost comes out the other end



## How Do We Deal with Organic Waste Diversion From Very Large Cities?

- some cities have 5000 tonnes + per day of organic waste!

# Four Main Composting Technologies

- Turned windrow composting
  - Turning, no forced aeration, batch process
- Aerated static pile composting
  - Forced aeration, no turning, batch process
- Agitated channel composting
  - Forced aeration, turning, continuous process
- Mass bed composting
  - Turning, continuous process, aeration?



# Turned Windrow Composting



Makes high quality compost because of the turning and size reduction

Most suited to outdoor processing

Batch process, doesn't account for shrinkage during composting

A large, conical pile of dark brown, fibrous compost material is the central focus of the image. The pile is situated in an outdoor facility, with concrete walls visible in the background. The ground in the foreground is dirt and covered with some scattered debris. The sky is overcast and grey.

# Aerated Static Pile Composting

Speeds up the composting process through forced aeration

Can accommodate large piles or windrows, covered or uncovered

Needs good porosity to prevent preferential air pathways

Batch process, doesn't account for shrinkage during composting

# Agitated Channel Composting



Turning and aeration produces high quality compost

The continuous flow design combines material flow with the composting process

Higher capital cost because of the concrete walls and specialized turning equipment on the walls



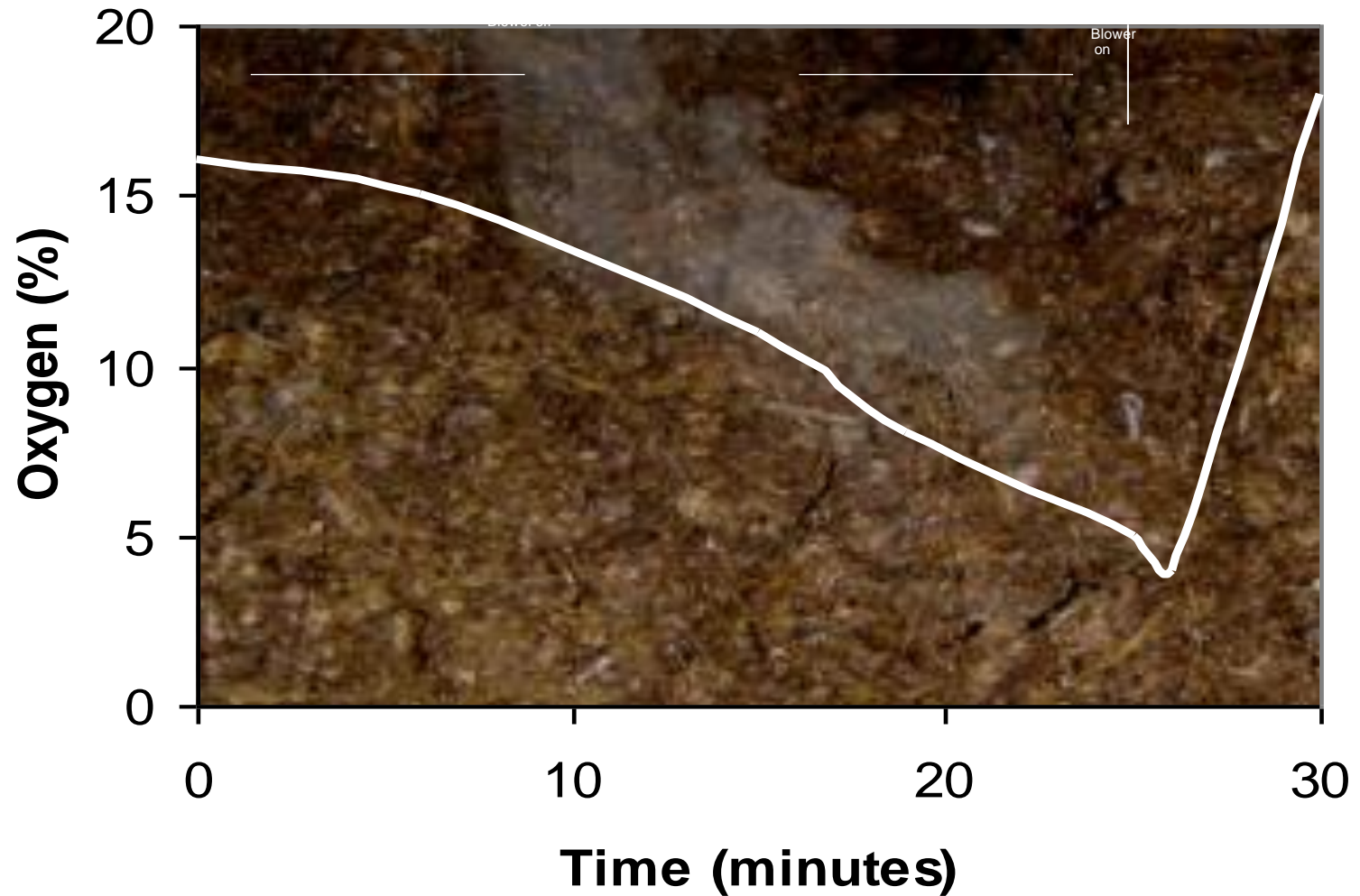
# Mass Bed Composting



The continuous flow design combines material flow with the composting process

Can be combined with aeration to produce high quality product in a shorter time period

Requires a very wide building if under a roof



**Aeration is important for speeding up the composting process because oxygen can get used up in a pile or windrow very quickly**

# Turning Compost is Important



	Sample 1 (bin center)	Sample 2 (bin center)	Sample 3 (composite sample of 4 subsamples 6" from edge)
Moisture (%)	37.2	35.7	37.2
Total coliforms (MPN/g)	20	75	20,000
Escherichia coli (MPN/g)	<3	<3	2,400

Turning is important for speeding up the composting process because it breaks preferential air pathways, and brings the material from the outside to the center for pathogen kill.



**Turning compost in aerated static systems can get tiring after a while....**

# We are already seeing adaptations of aerated and turned composting processes



- Peel County, Ontario uses a covered aerated static windrow design, and is using a windrow turner so that they don't have to move the windrows with a loader

# We are already seeing adaptations of aerated and turned composting processes

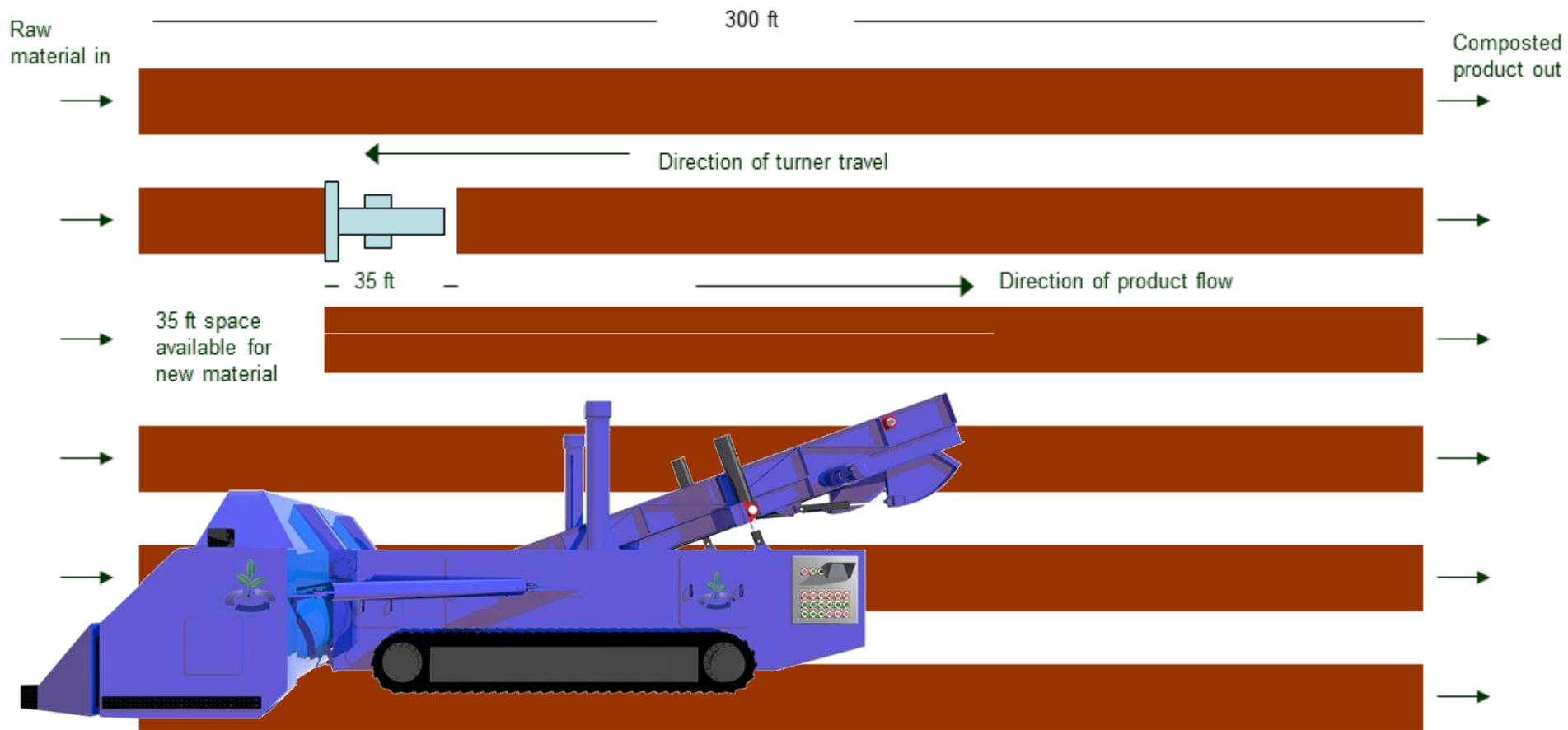


- Central Valley Wastewater Facility in Salt Lake City uses a covered aerated static windrow design, and is using a windrow turner so that they don't have to move the windrows with a loader

# Can We Combine the Best of Composting Technology in One Process?

- A combination of turning and aeration
  - allows us to process material with a higher bulk density and moisture content than technologies with either turning or aeration
- Raw material in, composted product out
  - Allows us to use the composting process as part of the material handling process
- Accommodates for product shrinkage during composting
  - Allows us to save space if we can maintain windrow or pile dimensions during the composting process
- Can be processed in lower cost buildings
  - Allows us to use lower cost, corrosion resistant buildings for full enclosure and odor control where required

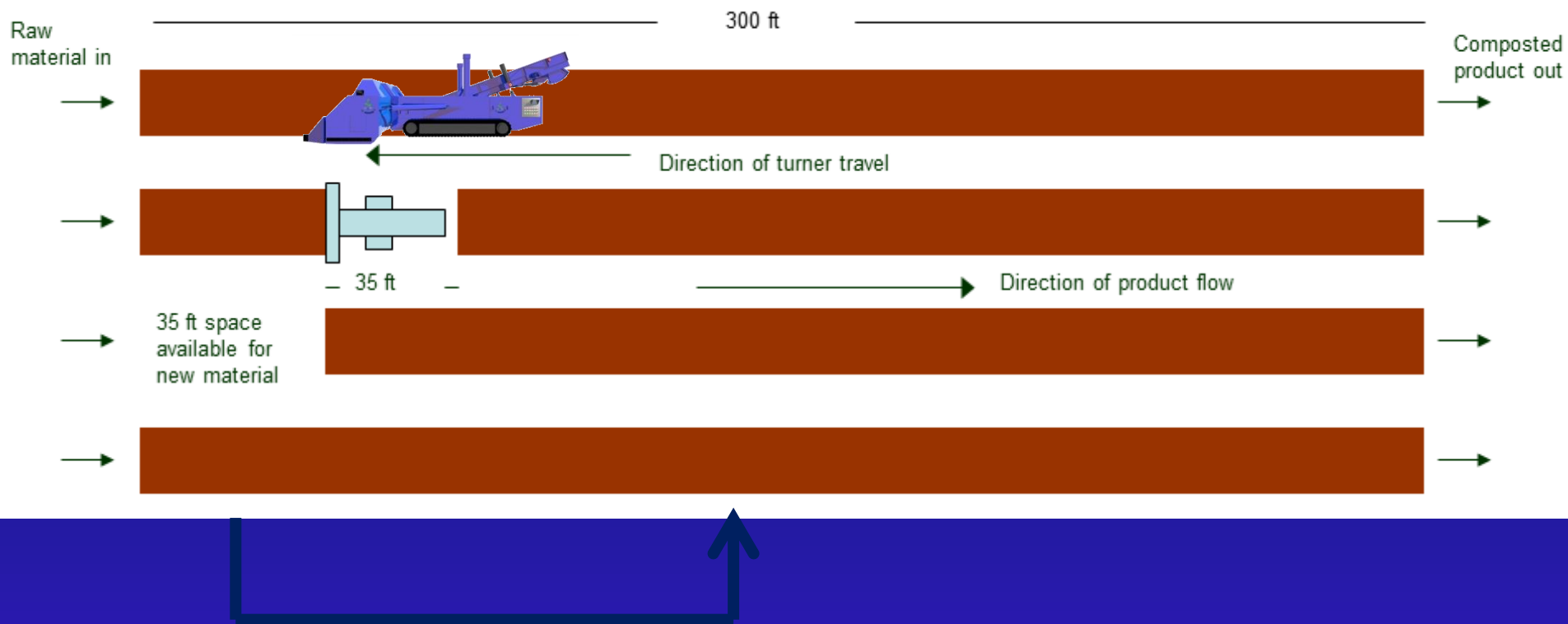
# Continuous Flow Aerated Windrow Composting Technology



It becomes a cost effective composting process that optimizes the use of space, and optimizes the process using aeration and turning – process time up to 8 weeks.



# Continuous Flow Aerated Windrow Composting Technology



## Higher moisture content material?

Catch the leachate at the beginning, and put it back in after 3-4 weeks.  
Still have time for pathogen kill in the process



**Inexpensive corrosion resistant structures can be used**

Individual 30 ft wide structures can be used to cover the 26 ft wide windrows. A 15 ft height is adequate.

# Operator Health and Safety with Composting in a Building



Turner has to be remotely controlled for operator health and safety

- visibility
- gases



## Product Shrinkage During Composting

Composting will result in 30-50% volume loss during the process



# Odor Control

Odor control can be easily achieved using a biofilter

- headspace is small in composting area
- there are no operators in this space



# We Can Combine the Best of Composting Technologies in One Process!

- A combination of turning and aeration
- Raw material in, composted product out
- Accommodates for product shrinkage during composting
- Can be processed in lower cost buildings
- Not as many loaders required to move product
- Operators are not in composting environment