

# Challenges and Lessons Learned in Building a Food Scraps Composting Facility

USCC Conference January 2013

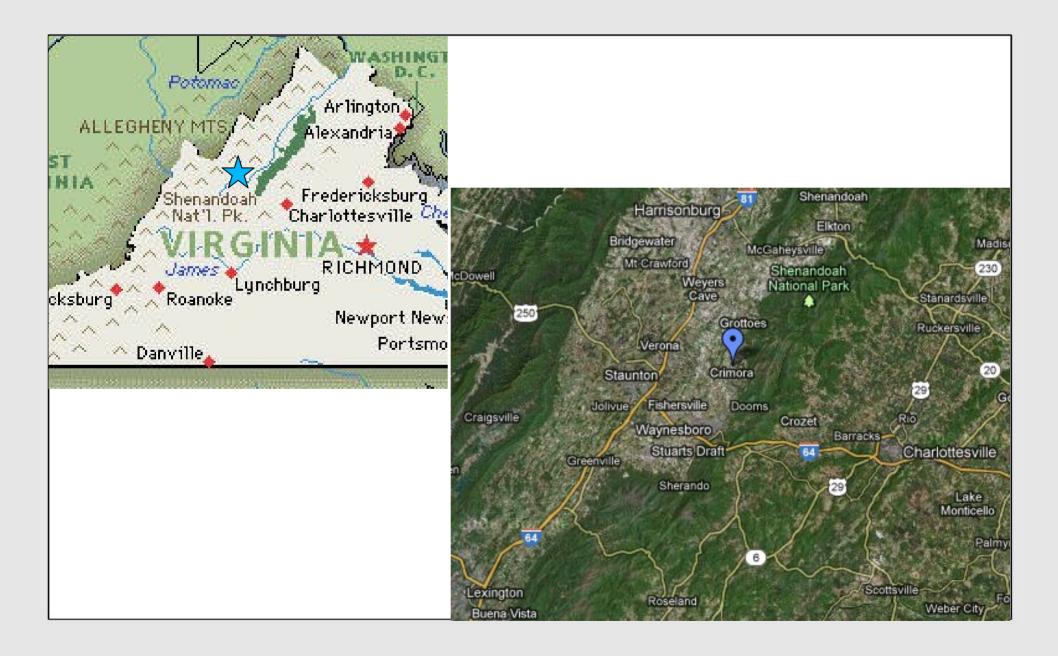
## **Eric Walter**

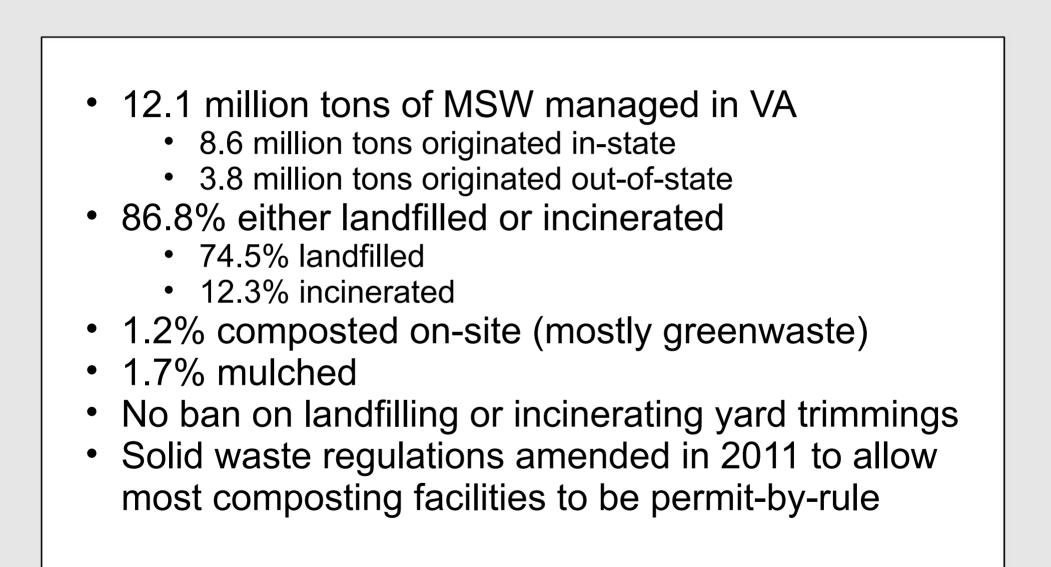
- Chief Composting Officer, Driver
- Recovering tech industry entrepreneur

# Black Bear Composting

- Opened in the Fall of 2011
- Located on 47 acre farm in Crimora, VA
- VA DEQ-permitted facility able to accept preand post-consumer, source-separated food scraps
- Serving Charlottesville area and central Shenandoah Valley







Starting a compost facility requires knowledge of:

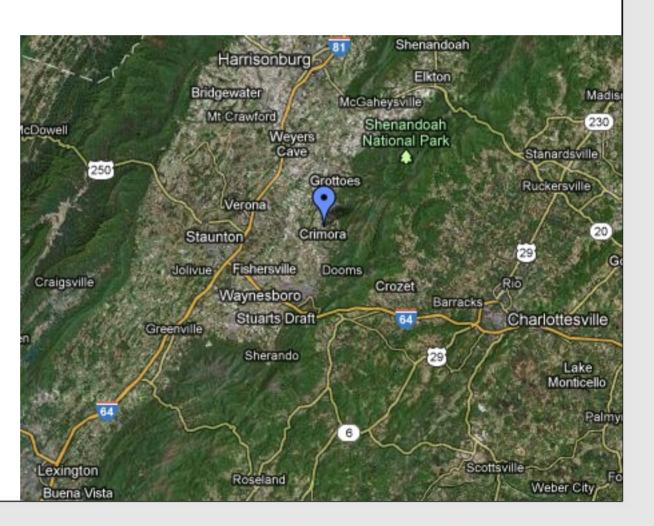
- Siting Site selection is paramount
- Engineering Process and stormwater management
- Permitting While easier than ever, still a daunting hurdle
- Operations Composting is science, art and logistics

BBC contracted Coker Composting and Consulting to provide guidance and experience in all of these disciplines.

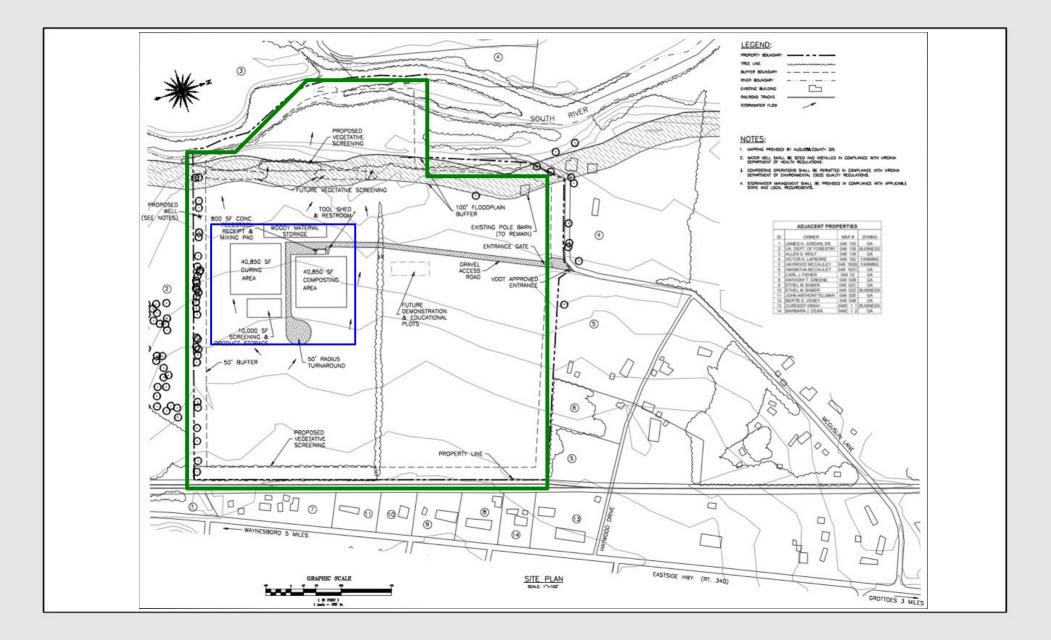


Location is key. My situation called for:

- 40 acres or more
- Natural buffers
- Relatively flat land
- Few neighbors
- Good roads
- Enough materials within 50 mile radius



#### **Facility Plan**



Siting a compost facility is a very public process:

- Local approval meeting/hearing that is open to the public and heard by a board of elected officials
- Door-to-door canvasing
- Well-run facilities don't make the news
- NIMBY Not In My Backyard
- BBC benefited from having DEQ attend the local approval meeting to answer questions



In 2011, permitting got a lot easier with Virginia moving to a Permit-By-Rule system

- Met early on in the process with regional office staff
- Looked at potential site for concerns
- Walked BBC through the permit process
- Overall, supportive and a constructive relationship to facilitate success



Wanted to start with a bare bones facility:

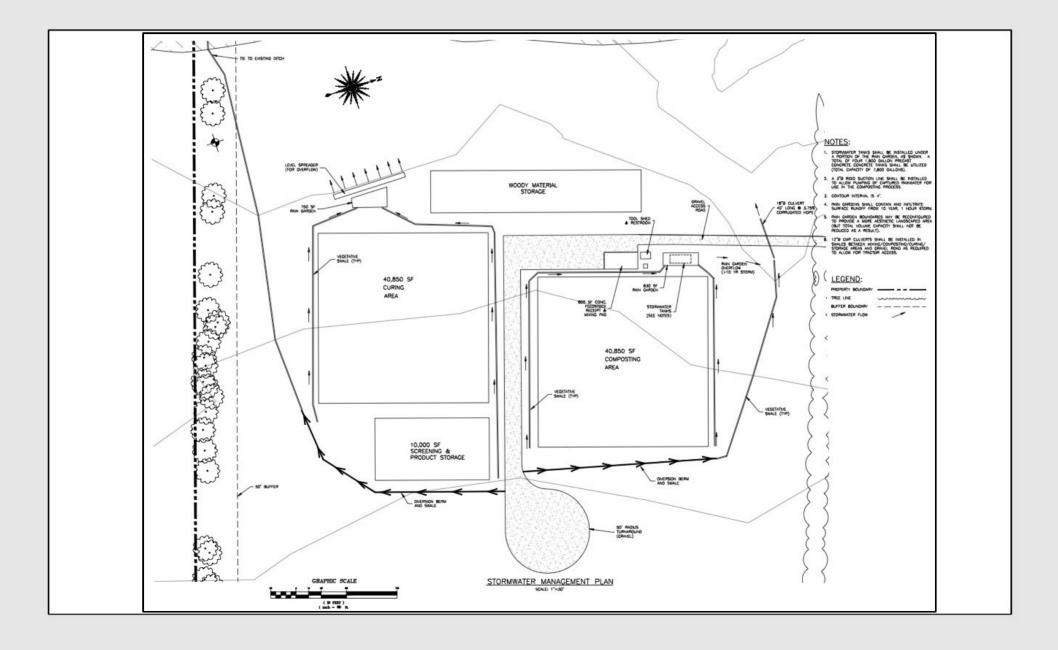
- Composting in a mowed field
- Only a 20' x 40' concrete pad
- No buildings, paving or even electricity.

What it takes to go bare bones:

- A Professional Engineer
- 34,000 sq ft of gravel driveway
- Stormwater controls to manage 1 hour of the 10-year storm
- Six vegetated swales
- Two rain gardens
- Four 1,900 gallon underground water cisterns to collect potential run-off from compost pad
- 700 ft of erosion control measures



#### Facility Plan – Close Up



# Sources:

- Arborists (chipped wood)
- Landscapers (old mulch and brush)
- Lawn services (leaves)
- Landfill (ground wood waste)
- Pallet company (ground pallets)
- Municipalities (leaves, Christmás trees)
- Fellow composters (leaves, grindings)

BBC uses 3 yards of wood chips for each yard of food scraps.



## Front of the Facility





# Mixing Pad



# Fruit is Round





#### **Covers for Odor Control**



Customer Base:

- Approximately 50 customers
- 25% schools K-12; University
- 30% restaurants
- 30% groceries
- 15% cafeterias

# Pricing Strategy:

- Tipping fees
  - \$45/ton (measured with bulk density)
  - Less for yard trimmings \$5/CY
- Collection fees
  - blend of tipping & hauling
  - \$8.00 \$17.00 per 65-gal roll cart per collection event, based on location



#### Successes: Easier to Implement Programs Than Anticipated

Common concerns:

- Not enough room
- Employees aren't going to get it
- Will slow things down
- Will stink, flies, attract wildlife

#### **Reality:**

- All you need is a 5 gallon bucket
- Employees enjoy participating in the program
- It's easy
- It's the same material they had before, it just goes in a different bin
- Most importantly: people love seeing their trash shrink



**Working with schools** is fantastic – kids love recycling

The **amazement of customers** when they realize how little trash they actually have after they pull out organics and other recyclables

**Completing the food cycle** with customers



#### Successes: Surprising Demand for Compost

Neighbors, gardeners, collection customers, and small farms.

BBC sourced compost for resale from fellow composter Royal Oak Farms to stimulate market demand



Challenges:

- Balancing time commitments between operations and sales
- Competing with low tip fees for landfilling in western VA
- Contaminants, contaminants, contaminants!

If doing over again, BBC would:

- Budget for more operational help to free up time for sales
- Develop a second revenue stream to complement collections in Year 1 until compost is ready for market





The Farm





## The Fleet





# Thank You

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